

Environmental Management In Kenya

2011 Updated Reprint. Updated Annually. Kenya Investment and Trade Laws and Regulations Handbook

This book contains a selection of papers on various legal issues of interest to developing countries which have been prepared by Fellows from InWent who came to Germany between 2002 and 2004 from Africa, Asia, and Latin America to research and write about subjects of their choice at the IUCN Environmental Law Centre.

[Household Energy Demand and Environmental Management in Kenya](#)

[Kenya: A Natural Outlook](#)

[Erosion Control in Katheka, Kenya](#)

[Selection, Design and Implementation of Economic Instruments in the Solid Waste Management Sector in Kenya](#)

[Kenya State of Environment Report, 2013](#)

[A Guide to the Draft Forest Policy](#)

[Environmental Law in Developing Countries](#)

[Actors, Partnerships and Policies in Hyderabad, India and Nairobi, Kenya](#)

[Chapter 18. Environmental Impact Assessment in Kenya](#)

[Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda](#)

[Kenya Business Law Handbook Volume 1 Strategic Information and Basic Laws](#)

In Kenya, environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been used to ensure that environmental management is integrated into project planning and decision-making with a view of achieving ecologically sustainable development. Best-practice EIA identifies environmental risks, lessens resource use conflicts by promoting community participation, minimizes adverse environmental effects, informs decision-makers, and helps lay the base for environmentally sound projects. In the integration of an EIA, due considerations are made in all stages of a project, from exploration and planning through construction, operations, decommissioning, and beyond site closure. Therefore, this chapter brings out an in-depth understanding of the EIA in the Kenyan context. Some of the key issues looked into are the goals and principles of the EIA, the EIA process, public consultation and participation in environmental assessment, social dimensions in environmental assessment, and the legislative and regulatory framework for environmental management in Kenya.

Kenya Business Law Handbook - Strategic Information and Basic Laws

Principles of Environmental Impact Assessment Review

Report of the Proceedings of the Seminar on Environmental Management and Integrated Rural Development in Eastern and Southern Africa, Nairobi, Kenya, 17th-22nd January, 1983

Kenya Investment and Trade Laws and Regulations Handbook - Strategic Information and Basic Laws

Have the National Conservation Plans Worked?

State of Environment Report 2003, Kenya

Recommendations on the Institutional Framework for Environmental Management in Kenya

Environmental Management and Rural Livelihoods in Kenya (Siaya District).

Environmental Management, Research, and Training in Coast Province, Kenya

Implementing the Framework Law

Traditional Village Institutions in Environmental Management

Environment Management Report

The Kenyan government is trying to reduce the negative environmental impacts associated with the production and disposal of solid waste. This study identifies and reviews existing policies, and presents economic incentives to reduce littering and emissions generated from the production, collection, transportation and disposal of polythene bags. The publication sets out: (i) to promote the production and consumption of cleaner packaging alternatives in Kenya; (ii) to formulate a policy proposal in collection, transport, disposal and reuse of polythene bags; (iii) to raise awareness of the problems relating to polythene bags; (iv) to support the development of environmentally friendly bags, as well as to assist other policymakers wishing to implement sustainable policy packages in the waste sector.

The performance of local authorities is vital for high quality flow of key public services such as solid waste collection and treatment. This publication discusses and analyses in-depth the institutional arrangements for the management of domestic solid wastes in three urban centres bordering the lake Victoria Basin in East Africa: Kisumu, Jinja and Mwanza. It presents research on the different (public and private) systems for municipal waste service delivery in this region. It makes use of existing theories on network governance and on developmental state and multi-level governance and applies the concept of 'modernised mixtures' when studying centralised and decentralised configurations for handling urban solid waste. It is shown that for solid waste management, arrangements for service provision in the urban centres have evolved in direct response to locally specific conditions. It is argued that 'modernised mixtures' are important for improving the performance of local authorities in waste service provision since they offer flexible perspectives which build upon existing practices and (state) capacities in the particular East African contexts.

Environmental Management in Kenya

During Road Construction in Kenya: Determinants of Success

Community Guide to Environmental Management in Kenya

Proceedings of the International Conference: "National Conditions for the Successful Implementation of Environmental Protection Programmes in Africa. A Prerequisite for a Sustainable Environmental Policy", Held in Berlin, July 1994

Knowledges, Fuelwood and Environmental Management in Kisumu District, Kenya

The Case of Plastic Bags

An Overview

Kenya Environmental Information Network (KEIN) Policy

Lake Victoria Environmental Management Project

Environment and Sustainable Development: A guide for higher education in Kenya

Geo-Environmental Resources and Hazards

Kenya is one of about 42 African countries which have enacted framework environmental laws. 14 January 2000 was the Date of Commencement of the Environment Management and Co-ordination Act (EMCA) after its adoption in December 1999 and receipt of Presidential Assent on 6 January 2000. From that date, all sectoral laws were expected to be reviewed or amended to ensure consistency with the requirements of EMCA. Under Section 148 of EMCA: "Any written law, in force immediately before the coming into force of this Act, relating to the management of the environment shall have effect subject to modification as may be necessary to give effect to this Act, and where the provisions of any such law conflict with any provisions of this Act, the provisions of this Act shall prevail". This book is an appraisal of the extent to which this provision has been implemented. It critically analyses environmental law in Kenya with a view to identifying the convergences and divergences between select sectoral laws and EMCA. The ultimate objective is to support internal harmonization of the corpus of environmental law in Kenya.

Kenya is a thriving country in East Africa: its economy is largely based on the natural environment that frames the tourism sector, mainly through safaris and holidays on the coast. The natural environment also underpins the second largest industry: agriculture. Kenya's social, technological, and industrial developments are a reference for many neighboring countries. Kenya plays a leading role in Africa and attracts huge amounts of investments. Furthermore, the humanitarian community has made Nairobi its base for international headquarters and regional offices. This makes Kenya a possible model for development and investment in its widest sense. This book aims at updating the holistic view on Kenya's natural environment and resources. It provides a sound scientific introduction to this country's physical and socioeconomic setting and its evolution through time and will appeal to a broad audience of students - in Kenya and abroad - as well as those working in the development and humanitarian sectors and to international donors looking for a scientific compendium on Kenya's environment. Its structure and references allow the reader to deepen his or her knowledge of every theme touched on in the book. Combines different aspects of physical geography, water and soil resources and their management strategies Written by a blend of international and national experts Includes specific case studies

The Case of Biodiversity Conservation in Kenya

Environmental management in Kenya: have the national conservation plans worked?

Understanding Environmental Impact Assessment Process

Technological Capability For Environmental Management

Environmental Governance in Kenya

Environmental Management in Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda and Zimbabwe

Implementation of Environmental Management Strategies

The Environment and Climate Change Law Review

Modernising solid waste management at municipal level

A Guidebook For Local Catchment Management in Cities.pdf

Selected Issues

Corporate strategy has been driven by different forces in the past, by production pressures, personnel pressures, and more lately by information pressures. This decade as well as the next shows clear signs of corporate strategy being driven by environmental pressures. Implementation of environmental management strategies is one of mechanisms that have been developed by organizations to enable them manage their activities. The aim of study was to investigate the determinants of implementation of environmental management strategies of public organizations in road construction sector in Kenya, Case of Kenya National Highways Authority. The objectives were to find out how project organizational structure and supervision, financial resources, environmental legislation and training / education of road construction staff affects implementation of Environmental Management strategies. The research design used in this project was descriptive survey. The target population for the study was sixty (60). The researcher took a complete census as the target is small. At the time of the study there were 20 ongoing road construction projects.

This book is for practising professionals and academics working in urban planning and international development: international project staff, trainers, urban development researchers and teaching staff in universities and polytechnics. Solid Waste Management and Recycling is unique in that it: -utilizes an 'integrated solid waste management perspective' in its analysis; -provides embedded case study data; -deals with both formal and informal actors and institutional arrangements in solid waste management and recycling; -has chapters written by experts from the countries concerned (Kenya and India); -can be used in graduate-level courses in urban development, urban management and planning, and technical engineering courses for students, project staff, and technical students.

[A Guide to the Environmental Management and Coordination Act](#)

[Solid Waste Management and Recycling](#)

[Kenya Urban Sector Profile](#)

[Institutional arrangements in urban centres of East Africa](#)

[Guidelines Towards the Use of Economic Instruments for Environmental Management in Kenya](#)

[Environmental Management in Kenya's Arid and Semi-arid Lands](#)

[Enhancing Environmental Management Through Devolved Governance](#)